

## **Supplementary Material**

Comparison of Thermodynamic Properties  
of Coarse-Grained and Atomic-Level Simulation Models

Riccardo Baron, Daniel Trzesniak, Alex H. de Vries, Andreas Elsener,  
Siewert J. Marrink, and Wilfred F. van Gunsteren

## Supplementary Tables

**TABLE s 1:** Hydration free energies of aliphatic hydrocarbons in water from experiments ( $\Delta F_{hyd}^{exp}$ ) and from MD simulation at different model resolutions ( $\Delta F_{hyd}^{CG}$  and  $\Delta F_{hyd}^{AL}$ ), as displayed in Figure 2. Values from thermodynamic integration (and corresponding errors) are displayed for CG ( $r_1 = 0.0$  nm;  $r_c = 1.4$  nm) and AL simulations, in the temperature range between 263 and 343 K. All values are in  $\text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ .

**TABLE s 2:** Solute-solvent interaction energy change upon hydration ( $\Delta U_{uv}$ ) for C4, C8, C12 and C16 in water, as displayed in Figure 3. Values from thermodynamic integration (and corresponding errors) are displayed for CG ( $r_1 = 0.0$  nm;  $r_c = 1.4$  nm) and AL simulations, in the temperature range between 263 and 343 K. All values are in  $\text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ .

**TABLE s 3:** Solvent-solute entropy change upon hydration ( $\Delta S_{uv}$ ) for C4, C8, C12 and C16 in water, as displayed in Figure 4. Values from thermodynamic integration (and corresponding errors) are displayed for CG CG ( $r_1 = 0.0$  nm;  $r_c = 1.4$  nm) and AL simulations, in the temperature range between 263 and 343 K. All values are in  $\text{J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}$ .

**TABLE s 1:**

|                      | $\Delta F_{hyd}^{exp, a}$ | $\Delta F_{hyd}^{CG}$ and $\Delta F_{hyd}^{AL, b}$ |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
|                      | 298 K                     | 263 K  |            | 283 K      |            | 303 K      |            | 323 K      |            | 343 K      |            |
|                      |                           | CG   | AL         | CG         | AL         | CG         | AL         | CG         | AL         | CG         | AL         |
| <i>n</i> -butane     | 9.0                       | 10.1 (0.3)   | 6.4 (0.9)  | 11.9 (0.3) | 8.5 (0.8)  | 13.7 (0.3) | 9.6 (0.8)  | 15.3 (0.3) | 10.0 (0.9) | 16.9 (0.3) | 10.9 (0.9) |
| <i>n</i> -octane     | 12.1                      | 13.6 (0.4)   | 6.6 (1.7)  | 16.5 (0.4) | 9.0 (1.5)  | 19.8 (0.4) | 11.9 (1.5) | 22.8 (0.5) | 12.1 (1.7) | 25.5 (0.5) | 14.3 (1.8) |
| <i>n</i> -dodecane   | ---                       | 19.3 (0.6)   | 8.5 (1.7)  | 24.8 (0.5) | 12.0 (1.7) | 29.4 (0.5) | 17.9 (1.7) | 34.1 (0.5) | 18.3 (1.7) | 38.5 (0.6) | 21.0 (1.8) |
| <i>n</i> -hexadecane | ---                       | 24.7 (0.6)   | 10.9 (2.4) | 30.5 (0.6) | 14.7 (2.3) | 36.9 (0.5) | 19.7 (2.0) | 43.5 (0.6) | 21.6 (2.0) | 48.2 (0.6) | 25.9 (1.8) |

[a] Experimental values taken from Ben-Naim and Marcus 1987.

[b] Calculated values are for N,V,T ensembles as described in the Computational Methods section. Volumes were different for each system and each temperature as obtained after equilibration at constant pressure.

**TABLE s 2:**

|                      | $\Delta U_{uv}^{CG}$ and $\Delta U_{uv}^{AL}$ |              |             |              |             |              |             |              |             |              |
|----------------------|---|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
|                      | 263 K   |              | 283 K       |              | 303 K       |              | 323 K       |              | 343 K       |              |
|                      | CG  | AL           | CG          | AL           | CG          | AL           | CG          | AL           | CG          | AL           |
| <i>n</i> -butane     | -15.7 (0.3)                                   | -38.6 (3.9)  | -15.4 (0.3) | -37.7 (4.0)  | -15.0 (0.4) | -35.6 (4.3)  | -14.6 (0.4) | -35.2 (4.4)  | -14.2 (0.4) | -33.5 (4.6)  |
| <i>n</i> -octane     | -29.5 (0.4)                                   | -68.2 (5.1)  | -29.0 (0.4) | -65.6 (5.2)  | -28.6 (0.4) | -63.9 (5.4)  | -28.0 (0.5) | -61.7 (5.6)  | -27.4 (0.5) | -58.8 (6.0)  |
| <i>n</i> -dodecane   | -43.2 (0.5)                                   | -97.1 (6.0)  | -42.7 (0.5) | -94.4 (6.7)  | -42.1 (0.5) | -90.4 (7.0)  | -41.4 (0.5) | -87.1 (6.8)  | -40.7 (0.6) | -84.3 (7.2)  |
| <i>n</i> -hexadecane | -56.9 (0.5)                                   | -126.8 (6.9) | -56.2 (0.6) | -122.6 (7.4) | -55.6 (0.6) | -115.0 (7.8) | -54.9 (0.6) | -112.2 (7.9) | -54.1 (0.7) | -108.1 (8.4) |

**TABLE s 3:**

|                      | $\Delta S_{uv}^{CG}$ and $\Delta S_{uv}^{AL}$ |           |          |           |          |           |          |           |          |           |
|----------------------|---|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
|                      | 263 K   |           | 283 K    |           | 303 K    |           | 323 K    |           | 343 K    |           |
|                      | CG  | AL        | CG       | AL        | CG       | AL        | CG       | AL        | CG       | AL        |
| <i>n</i> -butane     | -98 (1)                                       | -171 (18) | -96 (1)  | -163 (18) | -95 (1)  | -149 (17) | -92 (1)  | -140 (16) | -91 (1)  | -129 (16) |
| <i>n</i> -octane     | -164 (1)                                      | -284 (26) | -161 (1) | -264 (24) | -160 (1) | -250 (23) | -157 (1) | -228 (23) | -154 (1) | -213 (23) |
| <i>n</i> -dodecane   | -238 (1)                                      | -401 (29) | -238 (1) | -376 (30) | -236 (1) | -357 (29) | -234 (1) | -326 (26) | -231 (1) | -307 (26) |
| <i>n</i> -hexadecane | -310 (1)                                      | -523 (35) | -306 (1) | -485 (34) | -305 (1) | -444 (32) | -305 (1) | -414 (30) | -298 (1) | -391 (30) |

## Supplementary Figures

**Figure s 1:** Free energy derivative of removing C4 from water for (a) CG or (b) AL simulations.  $\langle \partial H / \partial \lambda \rangle$  values and their errors are shown from simulations at 263 K (cyan), 283 K (green), 303 K (black), 323 K (orange), and 343 K (red). The error bars have been estimated from block averaging. Simulation times per  $\lambda$ -point ranged from 3 to 15 ns (CG) or from 0.2 to 6 ns (AL).

**Figure s 2:** Solvent-solvent (reorganization) entropy change upon hydration ( $\Delta S_{vv}$ ) as a function of the simulation reference temperature for CG (empty circles) and AL (filled circles) simulations of (a) C4, (b) C8, (c) C12 and (d) C16.

**Figure s 3:** Lennard-Jones potential energy functions as defined and implemented in GROMOS05<sup>[51]</sup> (black line) and as defined (but not implemented) in the GROMACS manuals<sup>[50]</sup> (dashed line). The energy is displayed in the sample case of the interaction between two CG water beads as a function of their distance.

Figure s 1:

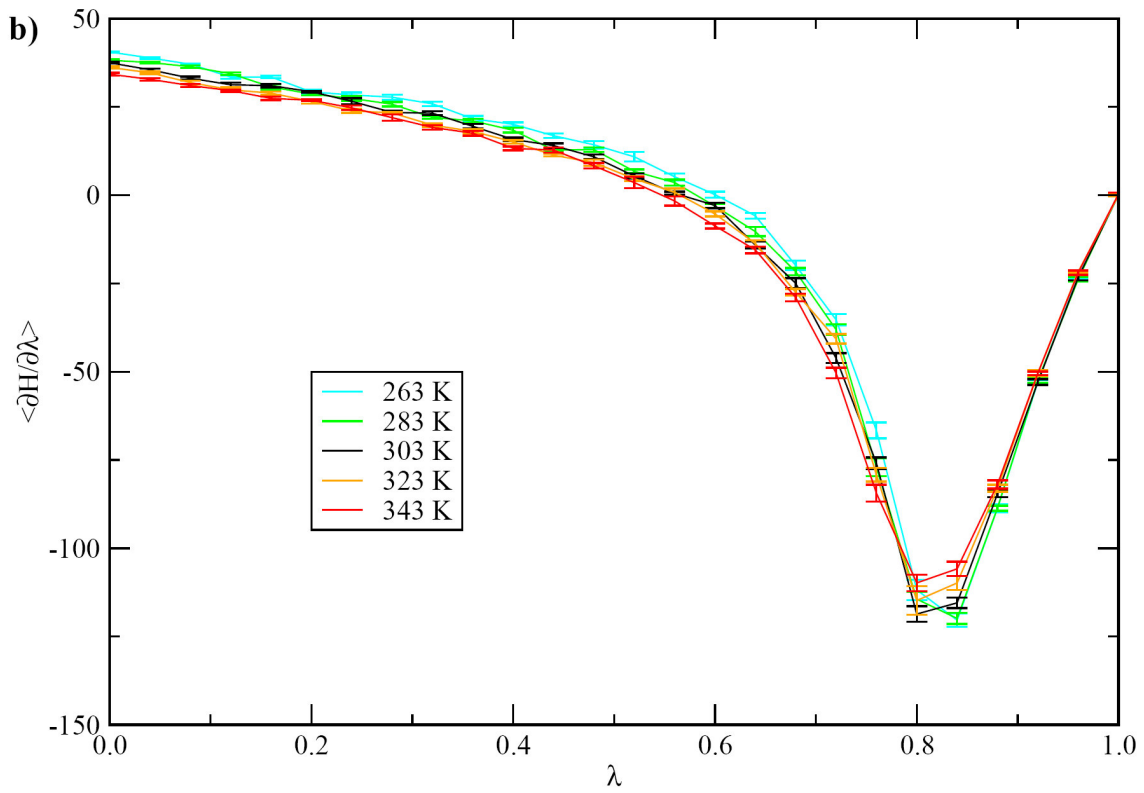
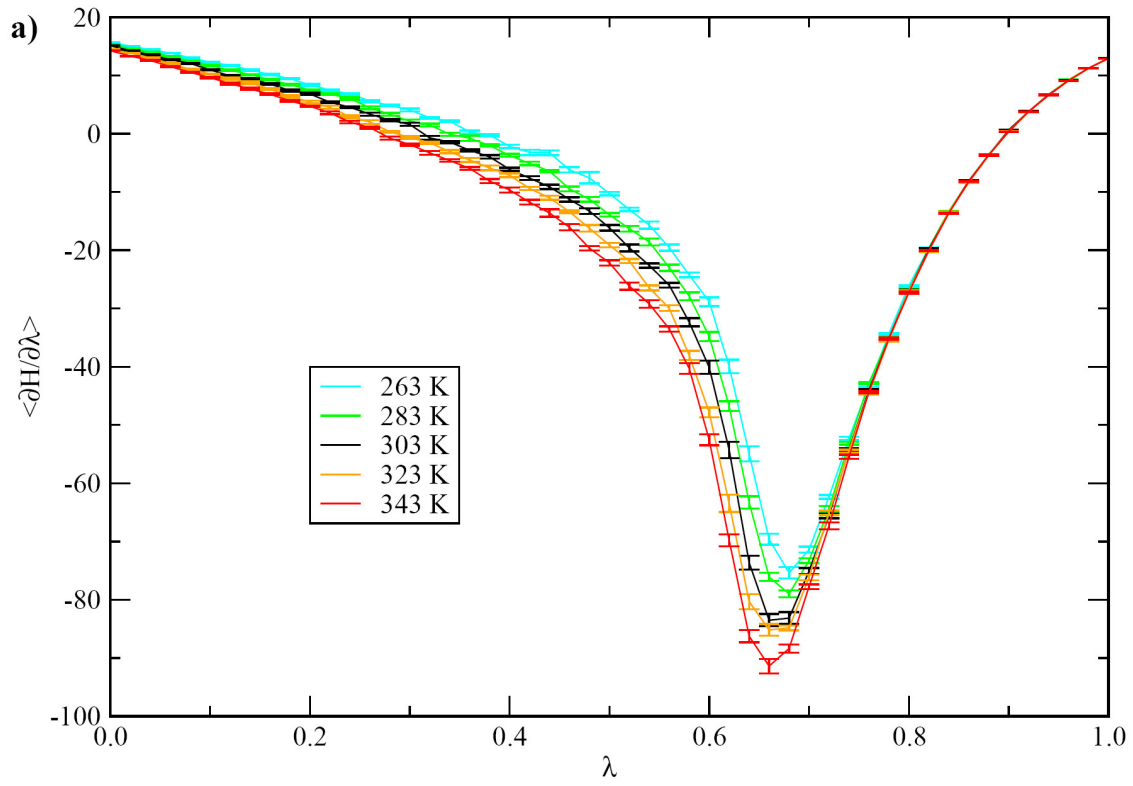
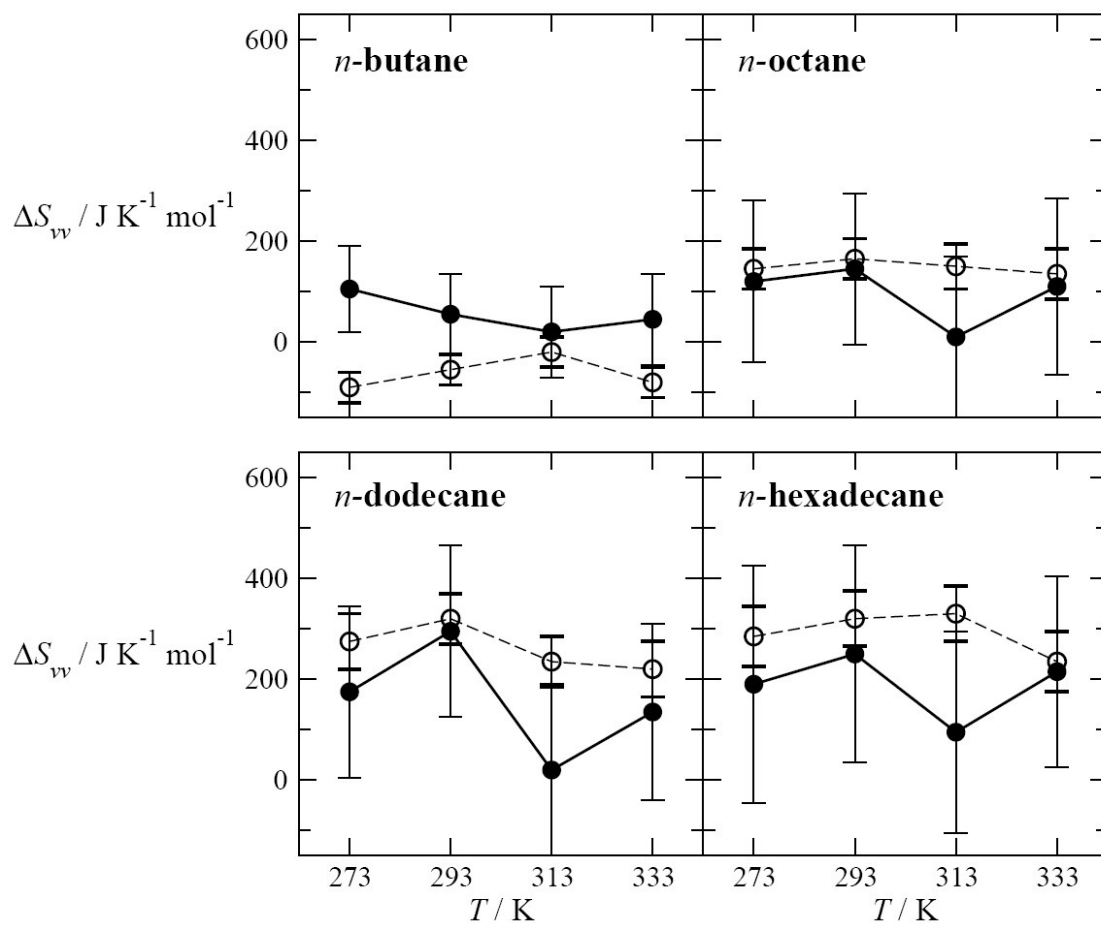


Figure s 2:



**Figure s 3:**

